
1) Role of Nuclear Weapons:

- Reconceptualization of nuclear disarmament debate, moving away constrained traditional security paradigms towards an expanded definition of security, incorporating humanitarian dimensions
  - Re-conceptualization of the nuclear disarmament debate: increasing focus on the humanitarian dimension of nuclear disarmament instead of the traditional security aspect
  - Delegitimizing and devaluing nuclear weapons as a significant first partial norm-setting step by NNWS

- Reduced role of NWs in military/security doctrines
  - A diminishing role for nuclear weapons in security policies so as to minimize the risk that these weapons will ever be used and to facilitate the process of their total elimination;
  - Reducing the role of nuclear weapons in security doctrines
  - Reduction of the salience of nuclear weapons in the security doctrines
  - Quantitative reductions should be accompanied by steps towards reducing the role and significance of nuclear weapons in security strategies and military doctrines. These steps are important contributions towards the goal of complete nuclear disarmament and will be mutually reinforcing with further quantitative reductions.
  - Elimination of the role of nuclear weapons in military and security doctrines
  - The 2010 action plan calls upon the nuclear-weapon States to provide information, using a standard reporting form to be agreed under action 21, to the Preparatory Committee at its third session in 2014 on their efforts towards the reduction of the role of nuclear weapons.
  - In order to reduce the role of nuclear weapons, States parties are called upon to promote actively disarmament and non-proliferation education. We encourage all States parties to contribute to raising awareness, in particular among younger generations, of the tragic consequences of the use of nuclear weapons.

- Devise new security paradigms without NWs, addressing deterrence
  - Devise new strategic concepts recognizing that nuclear deterrence is not a viable security doctrine. New security paradigms can holistically address three nuclear dangers-existing arsenals, non-proliferation and the risk of nuclear terrorism - and shift commitments and security arrangements toward nuclear disarmament
  - Given that there are no formal historical proofs that nuclear deterrence has prevented an armed conflict, change perception of nuclear weapons and review the deterrence role of nuclear weapons in the military doctrines of the nuclear weapon possessing States

2) Concrete Disarmament:

- Overall reductions all types of NW stockpiles (deployed and non-deployed)
  - Address nuclear weapons in their totality with nuclear warheads being the units of account
  - Uninterrupted progress in reducing all types of global nuclear-weapon stockpiles
  - Reducing the number of deployed strategic nuclear weapons

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Promoting plurilateral or multilateral nuclear reduction negotiations with prior commitment to freezing the number of deployed and non-deployed nuclear weapons.

Time-bound, progressive and irreversible reduction of nuclear arsenals, including the irreversible removal of nuclear weapons stationed on the territory of NNWS, accompanied by an international verification regime and the placement of all nuclear facilities under such a regime.

The nuclear disarmament should be aimed at achieving the total elimination of nuclear weapons within a framework of time and should not be limited to the bilateral and unilateral reductions in the nuclear warfare.

Gradual reduction of nuclear arsenals to lowest possible level on the basis of an agreed timetable.

- **Tactical/non-strategic weapon reduction**
  - Disaggregation of tactical and strategic nuclear weapons
  - Reducing the number of non-strategic and non-deployed nuclear weapons
  - The further reduction of non-strategic nuclear weapons, based on unilateral initiatives and as an integral part of the nuclear arms reduction and disarmament process

- **Prevent upgrades of existing NW systems and prohibit new research and development:**
  - Adoption of measures to prevent the use of new technologies for upgrading existing nuclear-weapon systems, including the prohibition of nuclear-weapon research and development
  - All-nuclear-weapon States should make a political commitment to refrain from developing new nuclear warheads.
  - Cessation by NWS of the development and qualitative improvement of NW and their means of delivery and related infrastructure
  - The nuclear-weapon States must immediately cease their plans to further invest in modernizing, upgrading, refurbishing, or extending the lives of their nuclear weapons and related facilities

- **Cessation of NW testing, including virtual testing**
  - Immediate and permanent cessation of nuclear-weapon testing of any kind, including that carried out by supercomputers and subcritical testing, and the closure of all nuclear-weapon test sites

- **Nuclear Weapon Free Zones**
  - Enhancing the role of nuclear-weapon-free zones (NWFZ) by removing the conditionality and reservations that have been imposed by NWS and broadening their reach by establishing new zones where they do not already exist, particularly in the Middle East.

3) **Risk Reduction:**

- **Reduce operational status of NW systems:**
  - Gradual reduction of the operational status of nuclear-weapon systems until they have been totally eliminated

- **Adopt measures to reduce accidental use of NWs**
  - Adoption of measures to reduce the risk of accidental use of nuclear weapons
- Adoption of measures by nuclear-weapon States to reduce nuclear danger, including the risks of accidental nuclear war, de-alerting of nuclear-weapons to prevent unintentional and accidental use of nuclear weapons
- Further reducing the risk of an accidental or unauthorized launch of nuclear weapons
- Measures to enhance the security of nuclear weapons and to reduce the operational readiness of nuclear-weapons systems, including through the development of legal instruments and other measures, to minimize the possibility of nuclear detonations, whether intentional, accidental or as a result of miscalculation.